1	STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
2	
3	
4	
5	MISSISSIPPI ADVISORY COMMISSION ON MARINE RESOURCES
6	COMMISSION MEETING
7	Tuesday, May 16, 2023, 9:00 a.m.
8	Bolton Building Auditorium
9	1141 Bayview Avenue, Biloxi, Mississippi 39530
10	
11	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COMMISSION MEMBERS: Ronnie Daniels Jonathan McLendon Cammack "Cam" Roberds ALSO PRESENT: Joe Spraggins, Director Sandy Chesnut, Esquire Steven Eckert, Esquire
22	
23	REPORTED BY:
24	Melissa Burdine-Rodolfich mburdine@sbmreporting.com
25	IIIDULULIIEGSDIILEPOLULIIG.COIII

1	RONNIE DANIELS:
2	Good morning, everyone. We'd like to
3	welcome y'all to the Mississippi Advisory
4	Commission Meeting for May 16th. We're going to
5	go ahead and call the meeting to order.
6	I would like to ask Commissioner Roberds
7	to lead us in the pledge of allegiance.
8	(Pledge of allegiance recited.)
9	RONNIE DANIELS:
10	Thank you, Cam.
11	All right. Director, would you like to
12	lead us with a prayer?
13	JOE SPRAGGINS:
14	I would. And I just want to, first off,
15	tell everybody that in times of this boating
16	season and everything coming up, please be
17	careful. Please understand that there's a lot of
18	things can happen to you on the water. And
19	especially for some fishermen and all, we just ask
20	you to be safe out there because it is very
21	dangerous and we want to pray for you.
22	(Moment of prayer.)
23	RONNIE DANIELS:
24	Thank you, Joe.
25	All right. Approval of minutes. Do we

r	7
1	have any discussion on the April 18th minutes?
2	Do we have a motion to approve?
3	JONATHAN McLENDON:
4	I'll make that motion.
5	CAM ROBERDS:
6	I'll second.
7	RONNIE DANIELS:
8	All in favor? Aye.
9	JONATHAN McLENDON:
10	Aye.
11	CAM ROBERDS:
12	Aye.
13	RONNIE DANIELS:
14	Approval of the agenda for today's
15	meeting. Do we have a motion to approve the
16	agenda?
17	CAM ROBERDS:
18	I'll make a motion to approve the
19	agenda.
20	RONNIE DANIELS:
21	I will second that.
22	All in favor? Aye.
23	JONATHAN McLENDON:
24	Aye.
25	CAM ROBERDS:

1
2 RONNIE
3
4 JOE SPE
5
6 want to
7 And I'm
8 morning
9
10 hires.
11 in Apri
12 Patrol,

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Aye.

RONNIE DANIELS:

All right. Mr. Joe, it's all yours.

JOE SPRAGGINS:

Oaky. Let's see. First thing up we want to talk about is the employment contracts. And I'm trying to get this thing to work this morning.

All right. We have got a couple of new hires. Bryan Drieling is starting — he started in April as Law Enforcement Officer I for Marine Patrol, and then Tyler Williams started on May 8th as an ENR Specialist I with CRM permitting.

We had a couple of promotions, Jacob Goff. He was promoted on April 16th to ENR Specialist III with the Grand Bay NERR.

We've got several new interns that are coming in, and the list is there for you if you want to look at them and — but we appreciate that because the one thing about the interns, there is quite a few people sitting in this agency today that were interns. I'm looking at one right now and I'm looking at a couple out there. They intern with us and they came to work with us and was able to see about the department and we was

able to see how they operated and in turn, we were able to be able to hire them and that's worked out very good. So I would like to continue this internship stuff. I think it's — I think getting these kids here it's great and these young leaders and they're coming up. And I appreciate that.

Any questions on the contracts? I don't think there is any contracts out there. Anything else?

(No response.)

JOE SPRAGGINS:

All right. Agency update. Well, let's see. We have got red snapper season coming, so we put it out the other day. It will be the first week — the 26th, I think, of May, so that's on a Friday and we will open it up and that's before Labor — Memorial Day. We expect a good turnout. It looks like the weather might be holding out to be pretty decent during that time.

We have been cut back, if you -- you know, the number of snapper is around 62,000 pounds that we have right now, but we're going to look at it. And we're trying to work with NOAA and we're trying to work with some -- to be able -- the Council to be able to see if we can

maybe come up with some additional poundage to do what we need to do. We will start it and it will basically be open from Memorial Day weekend till at least after the 4th of July and then we will see where we're at at that point. Hopefully, the snapper are plentiful out there. From what I'm hearing, it's looking good, so let's get ready for a good snapper season.

Any questions on that? (No response.)

JOE SPRAGGINS:

All right. Blessing of the Fleet will be that weekend also, and so we're going to have the Blessing of the Fleet coming up. And so anybody that would like to participate in that, we'd appreciate it. And it's always a great thing to be able to ask the Lord to help us, and that's what we're doing and that's what they're doing. They're asking the Lord to bless the shrimpers and the fishermen. And so we'd just ask you that if you'd like to, you be part of that.

DMR will be closed on May 29th for Memorial Day.

And we've got a -- one thing that has happened, if you didn't notice, but Louisiana went

7 1 up on their license, out-of-state license, so we 2 have done the same. And so if you look at it now, 3 our license, I think, starts on -- is it the 1st 4 of May, I believe it is, that it started, that 5 if -- your basic fishing license, if your -- for 6 Louisiana is now \$68 and salt water license is 7 \$60, so it went up. It was 60 and 30, and so it 8 went up to 68. 9 So we're doing that. Now we're charging 10 \$60 and \$30, so -- for that. So if you get --11 anybody with any questions? The reason we went up 12 on it is because Louisiana did and that's what we 13

do. We just basically mirror what they do. Once they go up, we go up. Alabama did not go up, so we didn't go up with Alabama. They're staying the same.

RONNIE DANIELS:

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Just to clarify that, Joe, that's for out-of-state, not residents?

JOE SPRAGGINS:

Out-of-state, yeah. Not for in-state. Out-of-state only, yes.

And for the Louisiana people coming over, I hope it's not too much of an inconvenience, but we have to just follow the rules, is what they are.

All right. A little bit on our derelict vessels. We've had 99 derelict vessel cases that have been reported. We have 65 of them that's been removed. We have got 34 that's pending removal, and we have — we don't have any in court right now.

So the team is doing a great job.

They're getting the vessels moved. They're trying to do the things — if you have a derelict vessel and if you see something and you don't know if it's been reported or not, just call us, let us know and we will be definitely able to look at it and see if it is and it's already being worked on.

We'll take it.

We have a grant that's coming to us
July 1st. And we have a federal grant through
GOMA that's going to help pay for this, and so we
will be able to use some of that money too, along
with the State. The State did give us some money,
and between the two, we ought to be able — be
pretty good to be able to get to it, you know, the
derelict vessels out that we need, so hopefully
that will work out.

Let's see. I don't know of anything --

1 looking right here of anything else. 2 I think as far as the Wildlife 3 Foundation, we met with them, and we are -- you 4 know, once again, we're a part of the Wildlife 5 Foundation. We're working with them and we're 6 trying to set up a couple of things to be able to 7 do some different type tournaments and different 8 type events here on the Coast with saltwater and 9 so hopefully we will be able to do that. And I 10 don't see it happening this year because it's kind 11 of early. You know, it takes about a year to get 12 things put in place, so hopefully next year we'll 13 be able to have a couple of tournaments or 14 something that we're sponsoring on it and be able 15 to help. 16 We are sponsoring -- we just got asked 17 yesterday to be able to help sponsor some events 18 for some children, and one of them is on --19 Charmaine, was that on 15 May? One of them is 15 20 June, right? 21 CHARMAINE SCHERMUND: 22 June. 23 JOE SPRAGGINS: 24 15 June. And then there is one in July,

and then there is a women's tournament, saltwater

25

1 tournament that we're sponsoring also. So we're 2 out there trying to help out. We want to get the 3 people out and want them to be able to understand 4 that we're working hard to get more people 5 involved in fishing and hopefully it will work 6 out. 7 All right. Any questions on any of 8 that? 9 (No response.) 10 JOE SPRAGGINS: 11 All right. Agency update. I didn't 12 forget you this time. 13 SANDY CHESNUT: 14 You did good. 15 Okay. At the April meeting, the 16 Commission recommended and the Director approved 17 the -- another no wake zone for Jackson County 18 Board of Supervisors. It was referred to as 19 Proposed Leg 4. This was part of the package that 20 they sent over, I think it was, June or July of 21 last vear. The -- two of the four were approved 22 at that time and the Leg 4 was tabled for further 23 information. That information was presented last 24 month and it was approved. It's at the Fort Bayou

Bridge in Ocean Springs. And that is all.

25

JOE SPRAGGINS:

Anything on that? Any questions? (No response.)

JOE SPRAGGINS:

All right. Patrick is coming up. We have got three resolutions that we'd like to ask the Commission to approve. And one is renaming the Danzler Tract to Secretary of State Eric Clark Coastal Preserve.

And the other one is a resolution to rename the Big Island to Gollott Island, and name the breakwater improvement on the south side of the island to be designated as Godfather Point.

And this is in reference to our senator of over 50 years, Senator Tommy Gollott, who did great for us and we appreciate him.

And then we also have one that we're renaming an oyster reef after — the nature conservancy to Tony Trapani Reef in Bay St. Louis. Tony was a great — he was a great benefit to the whole agency and the whole estuary because he worked hard every day trying to help us and we appreciated him.

And Tony would tell you how he felt.

You didn't have to ask a question. He'd tell you

definitely how he felt about things, but, you know, his heart was always in the right place and that was to be able to take care of what we need as far as the estuary and take care of the conservation of the fisheries.

So Patrick is going to read these in and then we will move forward at that point.

PATRICK LEVINE:

Well, good morning. And as Director Spraggins said, we'll be going over a couple of resolutions. The first two that I'm going to be discussing are in accordance with Senate Bill 2530 that Governor Reeves signed into law April 13th, 2023, and so I — you know, it's a privilege to be able to read each of these because I did have the opportunity to know Senator Gollott for a very long time. And there's no doubt in my mind that Eric Clark was a good man, so I get the opportunity to do this today.

The first resolution that we'll be reading into the minutes today is Resolution

Number 0518623-01. It says: Whereas, the

Mississippi Advisory Commission of the Marine

Resources, as a duly constituted governmental entity created to serve the great State of

Mississippi and said service includes the preservation of the natural state of the coastal wetlands and their ecosystems, which includes the management of Mississippi's Coastal Preserves, and the Mississippi Advisory Commission on Marine Resources acknowledges contribution to the betterment of the coastal wetlands throughout the Gulf of Mexico through significant biological, industrial, legislative enforcement or administrative activities.

And whereas, Secretary of State Eric Clark was instrumental in acquiring what is now designated as the Danzler Tract, 925 acres located in the Pascagoula River marshes in Jackson County, Mississippi. And the property was acquired in 1997 with funds obtained by Secretary of State Eric Clark as Trustee of the Public Trust Tidelands and part of the Mississippi Coastal Preserves Program.

In accordance with the Senate Bill 2530, and in honor of Secretary of State Clark's role in the development of the program, the Commission recommends the following action: Now, therefore, be it resolved in a duly constituted and assembled meeting that the Mississippi Advisory Commission

on Marine Resources does hereby recommend to the Director of the Mississippi Department of Marine Resources that the tract now designated as the Danzler Tract be designated as the Secretary of State Eric Clark Coastal Preserve, effective July 1st, 2023. Done and resolved, as is duly constituted in this assembled meeting on this, the 16th day of May 2023.

And so I know that you gentlemen already had the opportunity to look at that resolution and to be able to sign it and so effective July 1st, 2023, the Danzler Tract in Jackson County will now be the Eric Clark Preserve.

And so we have it on the map here. And Karen, if you could pull it up, I want to go through and show y'all where this is located in Gautier near the Indian Point area. And if you'll go to the next slide, that's the Secretary of State Eric Clark Coastal Preserve.

And additionally, in this piece of legislation, the Mississippi Department of Marine Resources, in conjunction with the Office of the Secretary of State, are further authorized to erect appropriate markers and signs indicating the location of the Secretary of State Eric Clark

Coastal Preserve.

And we're already in motion to where we're not going to be looking at changing these signs, but already looking at an opportunity to how we're going to designate some of the kiosks and put some signage out there on the property effective July 1st.

JOE SPRAGGINS:

Yeah. And we will do an official presentation of this some time after — around the middle of August, so that's when we have looked at it and I think we will be able to do that somewhere in the August time frame.

PATRICK LEVINE:

Yes, sir.

All right. The second resolution that we're going to talk about today and present is 051623-02. And as I mentioned, this is the one that's going to be talking about Gollott Island and Godfather Point.

And, you know, having the opportunity to be with the agency quite a few years, there have been many, many times that Senator Gollott fought for this agency and not only for this agency, but for the resources on the Mississippi Gulf Coast.

And I was able to watch that for many, many years, the contributions that he made to the Mississippi Gulf Coast.

Whereas, the Mississippi Advisory
Commission on Marine Resources, a duly constituted
governmental entity created to serve the great
State of Mississippi, and said service includes
the preservation of the natural state of the
coastal wetlands and their ecosystems, which
includes the management of Mississippi's Coastal
Preserves and any matters pertaining to the
Mississippi saltwater aquatic life and marine
resources and the Mississippi Advisory Commission
on Marine Resources acknowledges contribution to
the betterment of the coastal wetlands and marine
resources throughout the Gulf of Mexico through
significant biological, industrial, legislative
enforcement or administrative activities.

And in accordance with Senate Bill 2530 and in honor of the role Senator Thomas A. Gollott played in the development of the Mississippi Gulf Coast, the Commission recommends the following action: Designate what is now as — Big Island, 57 acres located at physical address of zero Mouth of Back Bay and more particularly described as

Patent Number 1211672 Big Island, Lot 2 of Section 22-7-9, a swamp and overflowed land located at the mouth of the Back Bay of Biloxi in Harrison County, Mississippi as Gollott Island.

Further, the Commission recommends that the breakwater improvements of the south side of the island be designated as Godfather Point.

Now, therefore, be it resolved in a duly constituted and assembled meeting that the Mississippi Advisory Commission on Marine Resources does hereby recommend to the Director of the Mississippi Department of Marine Resources that the tract now be designated as — the Big Island be designated as Gollott Island and the breakwater improvement on the south side of the island be designated as Godfather Point effective July 1st, 2023.

And as Director Spraggins said, we are working on signage for that location to be able to designate it, and we'll be looking at somewhere in August moving on and making sure that we recognize — recognize that property and make it public.

And so like the previous, Karen, if you will look here, Big Island is located in -- inside

of the Back Bay.

And the next slide.

There is Gollott Island and there are the breakwater improvements. If you have been out there, DEQ has been working on a project with a lot of riprap and making a breakwater around the island on that eastern side, but Godfather Point is on that side. And so just a great way to recognize the efforts of Senator Gollott, and we will be doing a public presentation in the months to come.

JOE SPRAGGINS:

Yeah. And for the ones that didn't know, back in the early '90s, we used to be the Bureau of Marine Resources and because of Senator Tommy Gollott, we're now the Department of Marine Resources. He was the one who was instrumental in getting that done for us and being able to change this agency to a standalone agency. And we owe him a lot, so we appreciate that and look forward to being — hopefully getting to see him before that.

PATRICK LEVINE:

Well, as mentioned, both of the resolutions that we just discussed become

effective July 1st, 2023.

The resolution that I'm about to read, it can go into effect immediately, and that's Resolution Number 051623-03.

Karen, I'm going to have you go ahead.

I'm going to change order here. If you'll go
ahead and go on to the next slide, we're going to
be talking about a project. This is a National
Fish and Wildlife Federation funding that they're
giving to the nature conservancy to put in some
reef inside the Bay of St. Louis.

And I can say that while this project has been coming alive, it's very similar, I guess, to maybe when somebody finds out they're having a kid, like what are we going to name this thing? And lots of people have been reaching out to the agency saying that we want to make sure that this reef is named after Tony Trapani and the efforts that he has done. And it's just been numerous people that have done that and have recognized the efforts of Tony and said, you know what, even though this is — this is in the makings, we want to make sure we know what it's going to be called, because he deserves it. We want to recognize his efforts and his love for the resources on the

Mississippi Gulf Coast.

So this resolution reads this way: The Mississippi Advisory Commission on Marine Resources is a duly constituted governmental entity created to serve the Great State of Mississippi, and said service includes the management and enforcement of any matters pertaining to Mississippi saltwater aquatic life and marine resources. And the Mississippi Advisory Commission on Marine Resources acknowledges contribution to the betterment of the fisheries of the Gulf of Mexico through significant biological, industrial, legislative enforcement or administrative activities.

Whereas, Tony Trapani graduated from St. Stanislaus in 1982 and from Southeastern Louisiana in 1993 with a communications degree. His passion for food led him to start Trapani's Eatery in the Bay of St. Louis in 1994, now the oldest seafood restaurant on the Coast.

Tony was a true conservationist concerned with protecting the waters of the Gulf and served as the first president of the Bay Chapter of the Coastal Conservation Association.

And Tony's love for the Bay was evident.

As an icon of the tourism industry, he left his mark on the heart and soul of all he met and loved, and he put the Bay on the map as a sought-after tourism attraction on the Coast.

Now, therefore be it resolved, in a duly constituted and assembled meeting, that the Mississippi Advisory Commission on Marine Resources does hereby recommend to the Director of the Mississippi Department of Marine Resources that the oyster reef constructed by the Nature Conservancy in the Bay of St. Louis of Mississippi with the central location of latitude 30.34463960 degrees north and longitude 80.2894232 degrees west be named the Tony Trapani Reef. Done and resolved in this duly constituted and assembled meeting on this, the 16th day of May 2023.

And so effective today, this project and the future development of this project and one day just a beautiful place for people to be able to go and enjoy the resources of the Mississippi Gulf Coast will be known as the Tony Trapani Reef.

And today, I believe that we have some family and friends that are here, and I don't know if any of y'all would like to share anything, just

	22
1	a brief sharing. But another thing we would love
2	to do is for the Commission to be able to take a
3	picture with y'all and provide y'all a copy of the
4	resolution. So family and friends, if y'all could
5	stand and Commission, if it's okay
6	RONNIE DANIELS:
7	Patrick, before we get to that, we're
8	going to make this official real quick.
9	PATRICK LEVINE:
10	Y'all make it official.
11	RONNIE DANIELS:
12	Do we have a motion to approve all three
13	resolutions and renaming these places?
14	CAM ROBERDS:
15	I will make that motion.
16	RONNIE DANIELS:
17	I will second the motion.
18	All in favor? Aye.
19	JONATHAN McLENDON:
20	Aye.
21	CAM ROBERDS:
22	Aye.
23	RONNIE DANIELS:
24	All right. Thank you.
25	PATRICK LEVINE:

23 1 Thank you, sir. 2 CARY TRAPANI: 3 These are Tony's children, his daughter, 4 Grace, and his son, Joseph, and a very -- one of 5 his all-time fishing buddies, who is Alex Murray. 6 It's a true honor that Tommy and CCA of 7 Bay St. Louis has approached -- and Tommy is the current president of CCA, Donnie Hughes with CCA, 8 9 you know, everybody. Thank y'all for the honor. 10 And Tony is gone too soon, for sure, but 11 the reef in his name, you guys made it happen 12 where his memory will live on forever. And he 13 probably kissed every fish that he let go to breed 14 and make more. And I know it's going to be a lot 15 of fun fishing on that reef, whether -- soon, and 16 thank y'all very much. It's a true honor. Thank 17 you, General Spraggins, too. 18 PATRICK LEVINE: 19 Yep. 20 JOE SPRAGGINS: 21 Like I said, Tony meant a lot to us.

Like I said, Tony meant a lot to us.

And I tell you what, he — many times he'd call me and give me an opinion about what needed to be done and, you know, every time it was out of his heart.

22

23

24

25

	21
1	CARY TRAPANI:
2	Yes, sir. Yes, sir.
3	JOE SPRAGGINS:
4	It was out of his heart. It wasn't out
5	of anything else but his heart about what needed
6	to be done. And so it's an honor to be able to do
7	this.
8	CARY TRAPANI:
9	Thank you very much.
10	JOE SPRAGGINS:
11	We got a copy.
12	CRYSTAL MATTA:
13	I gave it to the daughter.
14	JOE SPRAGGINS:
15	We can have a copy of it and we just
16	CARY TRAPANI:
17	Can we get Tommy in here, too, y'all?
18	JOE SPRAGGINS:
19	Yes, sir.
20	CARY TRAPANI:
21	Tommy, we'd love to have you in here,
22	brother.
23	Tommy said something that was so cool
24	the other day at a CCA meeting or at the
25	redfish tournament that Tommy hated cleaning fish

	10
1	when he caught them, but Tony taught him that it's
2	the celebration and the honor that you give a fish
3	to clean it properly and prepare it for your
4	family for dinner. I thought that was just an
5	awesome little note to
6	TOMMY ELKINS:
7	Changed the way I looked at it.
8	CARY TRAPANI:
9	change the way you look at cleaning
10	fish. I would like to get next to Grace and
11	Joseph.
12	RONNIE DANIELS:
13	Come on in here.
14	CARY TRAPANI:
15	Thank you so much, y'all.
16	JOE SPRAGGINS:
17	Thank y'all.
18	CARY TRAPANI:
19	It's a true honor. Thank you.
20	JOE SPRAGGINS:
21	And Patrick, I think can we get some
22	good official copies of that to send to them?
23	PATRICK LEVINE:
24	Yes, sir.
25	JOE SPRAGGINS:

	20
1	And if y'all will let us know, we'll
2	send each one of you one. Okay?
3	RONNIE DANIELS:
4	Patrick, next time, let's not do the
5	coordinates. Y'all just gave away one of my honey
6	holes.
7	PATRICK LEVINE:
8	I understand.
9	RONNIE DANIELS:
10	All right.
11	JOE SPRAGGINS:
12	I think that's all I have right now,
13	sir.
14	RONNIE DANIELS:
15	All right. Thank you, Joe. We
16	appreciate it.
17	Commissioners' report. Do any of the
18	commissioners got anything to report?
19	Joe, I have got one question. I don't
20	think we have heard anything about this for a
21	while: Where are we at with the Bonnet Carré
22	funds money?
23	JOE SPRAGGINS:
24	Well, we're waiting on the I guess it
25	would be NOAA, but OMB, which is has it and

they're looking at it and they're trying to decide whether or not -- Alabama's had theirs for a month and a half. And hopefully we'll -- us and Louisiana will get ours in the next month or sometime soon.

We have gone back to changing every little thing that we can think of and just -- you know, we're doing everything. Rick, you got any more update than that? Rick's the one that's handling it for me.

RICK BURRIS:

Yeah. I think two months ago I mentioned it was getting close. I thought it was getting close because they keep asking us to update the dates on the 424, which is the financial form. The latest updated date we have is May 1st and it's now May 16th, so I'm assuming — I'm going to anticipate we will have to change that form again.

But it keeps getting -- it feels like it keeps getting closer, but we have not been contacted to say, this is your official start date. Once that's approved, we'll -- they will let us know and we'll let everybody else know, but right now, it's just kind of wait and see.

1 But like I mentioned a couple of months 2. ago, we're a lot closer than we were. Like you 3 said, Alabama has got theirs and ours should be 4 coming soon. 5 RONNIE DANIELS: 6 Okay. Appreciate it. Thank you. 7 All right. Nothing else on the 8 Commissioners' report. 9 Marine Patrol, Chief Wilkerson. 10 KYLE WILKERSON: 11 Good morning. Good to see every one of 12 y'all healthy and here with us. 13 I'm going to let Captain Michael 14 Strickland do the citation report. And he also 15 has some details further that you may want to ask 16 about the air show and all that. So Michael, if 17 you would. 18 MICHAEL STRICKLAND: 19 All right. Good morning. Hopefully you 20 had time to review the report that was uploaded. 21 Shouldn't have any issues there to report, pretty 22 cut and dry. 23 Director did ask me in the prep meeting 24 if we would make a little comment and give some 25

information about the air show that we had April

28th, 29th, and 30th, Thunder Over the Sound.

We anticipated a high volume of traffic. Keesler Air Force Base was estimating over 100,000 spectators. We exceeded that. We estimated about 2,200 vessels with spectators during that time frame.

Marine Patrol deployed 24 uniformed personnel, 12 different vessel assets, an emergency response dive team. And like I said, it was about 2,100 vessels, and with that amount of traffic, we were — there was only one boat accident during the entire time. It was a minor accident where a vessel broke loose from anchor because of the high winds. But that's just a testament to officer presence and also the boating public doing exactly what they're supposed to do to make the show enjoyable and safe for everyone.

So I'll be glad to take any questions you have.

RONNIE DANIELS:

You know, Joe touched on it earlier, but safety on the water is the biggest thing, and you guys do a great job. I got stopped the other day on the way in, very professional, very courteous. But just can't stress to people enough how quickly

1	things can go from the best day of the summer to
2	the worst day of your life out there.
3	COMMISSIONER GUSA:
4	It can happen very quickly.
5	RONNIE DANIELS:
6	Got to pay attention. You know, there
7	is one that's not listed on here, but we had a
8	young girl lose her life on Jourdan River last
9	month, and it's I believe Wildlife and
10	Fisheries took care of that one, but
11	MICHAEL STRICKLAND:
12	It's listed on the bottom. It's just
13	a
14	RONNIE DANIELS:
15	Okay. I didn't see that.
16	MICHAEL STRICKLAND:
17	Yeah a non just outside of our
18	normal AOR. We assisted Mississippi Department of
19	Wildlife and Fisheries with that. And it's still
20	currently an ongoing investigation as well.
21	RONNIE DANIELS:
22	Yeah. People, just, please, be safe out
23	there. It can turn real bad real fast.
24	JOE SPRAGGINS:
25	T'll tell von what, if von went out for

	21
1	the air show and you didn't see a blue light you
2	have got a problem.
3	RONNIE DANIELS:
4	You're in the wrong place.
5	JOE SPRAGGINS:
6	Yeah. They were all over that sound,
7	Mississippi Sound, and not pulling people over but
8	helping people and keeping people safe, so we
9	appreciate y'all very much. Thank you.
10	MICHAEL STRICKLAND:
11	Thank you.
12	RONNIE DANIELS:
13	Thank you. Y'all keep up the good work.
14	KYLE WILKERSON:
15	Thank you, sir.
16	MICHAEL STRICKLAND:
17	Yes, sir.
18	RONNIE DANIELS:
19	All right. Office of Coastal Resources
20	Management, giant apple snails, Sierra Ortiz. Did
21	I say that right?
22	SIERRA ORTIZ:
23	Yes.
24	RONNIE DANIELS:
25	Okay. Good.

JOE SPRAGGINS:

Talking about one of my interns, she was one of them. Now look at her.

SIERRA ORTIZ:

Okay. So this presentation is on the eight years of giant apple snails from the Coastal Preserves team.

Pictured here is -- you can see the size of the apple snail and their bright pink egg masses.

Giant apple overview. So these snails are freshwater snails native to South America. They are very large. They can grow up to six inches long. They have one lung and one gill. The females are larger than the males. They mature within 60 to 80 days. They produce 2,500 eggs per mass, and they hatch between 10 to 14 days.

Their environmental impact. They strip marsh of vegetation. They change the plant community to algal based. They can be a carrier of rat lungworm parasite. They're a predator of amphibian eggs and they have very few predators in Mississippi.

The pictures to the right, you can see

the limpkin bird. They are native to Florida, but there is very few of them in Mississippi.

These two maps reference the expansion of giant apple snail sightings. In 2002, you can see that they're only in Texas and Florida.

Within 20 years, you can see their expansion all throughout the Southeast United States from Texas to South Carolina down in Florida.

The techniques over the years. In the beginning, before we knew much information, we created this device, the snailinator. We used a wire grill brush and attached it to a long paint roller handle. We were able to use this to scrape off the egg masses from trees, stumps, boats, rocks, literally anything that the snails could climb on. We have had volunteers in the past from Gulf Corps to help us scrape off the eggs.

Later, we started developing the software to help us better understand where these snails are coming from, their migration pattern and how many snails were actually being captured.

DMR's IT department and Coastal

Preserves team developed an app to help us with
data collection.

Lastly, we partnered with environmental

Management Services, National Fish and Wildlife
Foundation and MDEQ to help us control the apple
snails. Environmental Management Services created
this modified crawfish trap to help us capture the
snails.

This graph shows the number of egg masses destroyed by month and year. You can see that each year was a growth, but in 2021 and 2022 was the most impactful. This was because of our partners.

This graph shows the snails captured by month and year. In the beginning, it was difficult to capture the snails, as they would drop in the water as soon as we got close. This biggest impact was year 2022, with the modified crawfish traps, with a peak of 6,500 captured within September, October.

This success rate that the Coastal Preserves team have had. More than 65,000 egg masses were destroyed. Over 5,300 snails were removed by hand. With the improved trapping and methods that we have, 21,577 snails were removed from trapping.

Future plans that we have. Coastal Preserves Program wants to ensure we do everything

1 in our power to help control the snails against an 2 infestation. We plan to continue monitoring and 3 trapping. We want to improve our trapping 4 equipment and the bait that we use. Lastly, we 5 want to broaden our monitoring of early detection 6 of new infestations. 7 Thank you. 8 RONNIE DANIELS: 9 Good job. That's a lot of snails. 10 SIERRA ORTIZ: 11 It's been eight years in the process and 12 hopefully we'll keep doing it. 13 JOE SPRAGGINS: 14 She's not only killing snails. They do 15 a great job on salvania, which is a -- go out and 16 try to help keep it under control. I don't think 17 you can ever eradicate it, but, you know, you can 18 keep it under control. 19 But they're also working in 20 Bay St. Louis in -- what is the grass over there? 21 Are you working on that, Sierra? 22 SIERRA ORTIZ: 23 Yes. We have part of our team over 24 there right now working on it. 25 JOE SPRAGGINS:

1 Trying to get it -- I'll tell you, these 2. things come into the Gulf and they get into these 3 canals and other areas, and when the fresh water 4 gets to a certain level that can let them grow, 5 they grow and they can grow rapidly. 6 SIERRA ORTIZ: 7 Yes. 8 JOE SPRAGGINS: 9 And so being able to get control of it, 10 it's very hard. 11 And I'll tell you what else, you don't 12 want to mess with her with a chainsaw either 13 because she's pretty good with that. And so they 14 do a great job. Thank you very much. 15 RONNIE DANIELS: I'm just really curious. What do you 16 17 bait the traps with? 18 SIERRA ORTIZ: 19 We use commercial crawfish that's in the 20 form of a pellet. 21 RONNIE DANIELS: 22 All right. Cool. Thank you. 23 SIERRA ORTIZ: 24 Thank you. 25 RONNIE DANIELS:

1 All right. Next up, we're going to have 2 wetlands permitting with Willa Brantley. 3 WILLA BRANTLEY: 4 Good morning. I have something a little 5 bit different this morning than you're used to 6 seeing from permitting. It was new for me, so it 7 was a learning experience for me, as well, 8 preparing this. 9 We have a request for a special 10 management area designation and development of a 11 special management area plan by the Hancock County 12 Port and Harbor Commission. 13 The location -- there's two locations 14 actually. It's a split between Port Bienville 15 Industrial Park and Stennis International Airport 16 and Airpark. Serving as their agent is Cypress 17 Environment and infrastructure. 18 This is an overview of the two sites. 19 You can see Stennis Airport in the north and Port 20 Bienville in the south. There are over 5,700 21 acres at Port Bienville available for designation. 22 And at the airport there are over 2,400 acres 23 available for designation. 24 We're not moving forward. Okay. Sorry.

This is -- it's a little hard to

Okay.

25

see, but this is a close-up of the Port Bienville. If you can see over to the northwest, that is where the canal is. On the opposite side of the canal, there is some marsh and tidal wetland areas. Most of the area, the wetlands present on the site would be nontidal wetlands, so we would be able to move mitigation efforts over to that northwest side where we have tidal marsh.

And then this one shows Stennis
International Airport. Again, you have got mostly
nontidal wetlands, but you do have the riverine
system on the north side, the Jourdan River, so we
could have some tidal wetlands up there and focus
our mitigation efforts to the north and — when we
create the plan.

So the goals of the planning process for the special management areas are to apply the general provisions of the coastal program to a specific geographic area to streamline regulatory decisions through planning for and resolving permit conflicts in advance of individual development projects being implemented. We'll also be able to coordinate federal and state regulatory decisions with efforts of the coastal program and local governments and provide

assistance to local government and state agencies to plan for public facilities and services.

And I quoted from the coastal program a sentence that I really liked. It said that a distinguishing characteristic of SMA plans is that there will be a marriage of regulation and affirmative development efforts. So we all know that there is going to be development. We want to use our coastal resources wisely, and that's what the SMA planning process will hopefully allow us to do.

So since we haven't done one of these, I think the only one that's been designated — or the only plan that has been developed was developed back in 1985, so I wanted to go through some of what an SMA plan does and doesn't do and what the process would be.

So it does define boundaries, as you saw on the maps earlier. It describes how the physical development is to be managed. It recognizes environmental and economic factors, specifies implementation responsibilities of the different agencies involved, includes necessary interagency agreements and similar instruments and includes analysis of all the environmental impacts

and alternatives if we want the plan to prevail over the coastal program.

Some of those management concerns that we would be looking at include wetlands protection, industrial expansion and efficient waterfront utilization, conservation of water resources and air and water quality, historical and archeological preservation, scenic preservation and the natural interest.

A couple things that an SMA plan doesn't do. It does not allow DMR or any other state or federal agency to impose new regulatory authority, so this is not a way that we can sneak in new regs without them being reviewed the normal way. And it doesn't require local governments to agree to the plan. Meaning that DMR is not going to adopt the plan and require it to be followed unless the local government buys into it.

So the Port and Harbor Commission's intent in requesting the SMA designation is to increase economic growth in Mississippi through jobs and investment by ensuring the state's purposes of economic development and protection of coastal resources are balanced, keep the environmental impacts contained within the two

industrial sites, mitigate any necessary impacts ahead of development so future permitting is streamlined and predictable and facilitate coordination between all the regulating agencies at the state, local and federal level that are involved in permitting of developments.

We would — the plan would detail and describe clear guidelines and requirements for the environmental impacts. Hancock County Port and Harbor Commission has been given a grant to get ready — as many shovel—ready projects as they can that are 100 acres or more, so that's their intent with this plan, is to make sure that those are coordinated among all the agencies and well developed.

So a little more specific justification:

Port Bienville Industrial Park was actually

designated as a special management area in the

Coastal Program. Stennis Airport was not, but it

does follow the same industrial and commercial

uses as the Industrial Park.

The Port of Pascagoula plan was the one that was approved in 1985. We did have several industrial and commercial areas, recreation areas that were designated in the Coastal program in the

mid '80s.

It says plans — management plans for all of those areas were supposed to be developed one or two a year, but in my research, I don't think any of that planning was funded, so it never took place past the Port of Pascagoula plan, which also expired in 2005.

It will help decrease uncertainty of individual project planning. It will increase predictability of economic investment that's required. It will provide for protection of priority wetlands and consolidation of on-site mitigation. Meaning, we can pick an area that would be higher quality and lump all of our mitigation in that area and hopefully be more successful. And it will address the potential conflicts ahead of project development.

So the next steps, if approved, DMR and responsible local government, which would be the Hancock County Port and Harbor Commission, would enter into an agreement to develop the SMA plan. We would coordinate with federal, state and local agencies to create the draft plan. We would have a public hearing on that draft plan. And based on any comments that we received through that public

hearing and public notice, we would revise the plan. The final plan would be presented for DMR, local government and appropriate federal agencies for concurrence, and there would be a public notice of the approval of that plan.

And some of the stakeholders that
would — that could be involved in the creation of
the plan would be the Mobile and Vicksburg
District of the Corps of Engineers, U.S. Fish and
Wildlife Service, National Marine Fisheries
Service, U.S. EPA, the Mississippi Development
Authority, NASA's Stennis Space Center,
Mississippi Department of Transportation's office
of Intermodal Planning, Department of Archives and
History, Department of Environmental Quality and
the Hancock Board of Supervisors.

So some of the major elements of the plan would be the area development plan, and that's where we establish the limits of the development and the guidelines for development for the area. Some examples of the guidelines include acreage and/or quality of wetland that could be developed, so we could say that only 25 percent of the wetlands — total wetlands on—site could be developed. We could say that only low and medium

quality wetlands — those are things that we would work through. We could also talk about the cubic yardage of dredging allowed and circulation requirement for the water quality. Those are just examples of things that could go in the plan.

Then we would come up with a dredged material plan that would look at long-term maintenance dredging schedules and dredged material handling. For example, would it go to beneficial use? Would it be considered unsuitable for beneficial use and need to designate a disposal site? And in planning for dredging, we will be able to consider the site itself, as well as the channels that lead up to it for navigation.

And then we would come up with the mitigation program so that potential investors and developers could know in advance what type and amount of mitigation would be necessary for specific impact types and amounts and strategically plan for any on-site mitigation that may be needed.

I believe it's been a couple of years that we had a project over there that impacted some tidal marsh and SAV and they had to do on-site mitigation. So any future projects that

1 would cause those kinds of impacts, they would 2 already know, they would already have a place set 3 aside to do mitigation and know what the economic 4 investment would be required. 5 And when you put all those together, 6 that would remove some of the uncertainty and 7 individual project planning and it would make the 8 economic investment more predictable. 9 So our requested motion is for the 10 Commission to recommend approval of Hancock County 11 Port and Harbor Commission's request for a Special 12 Management Area designation at Port Bienville 13 Industrial Park and Stennis International Airport 14 and Airpark, and then we would move forward with 15 forming a task force and coming up with that draft 16 plan. 17 RONNIE DANIELS: 18 That's a lot of information. 19 WILLA BRANTLEY: 20 It is. 21 RONNIE DANIELS: 22 I thought we were talking about leasing 23 to people to go hunting whenever I saw management 24 area.

25

WILLA BRANTLEY:

No. But if you have any questions, I can try to answer them. Also, their agent is here to answer any specific questions you may have about plans.

CAM ROBERDS:

I understand the overall development, trying to get a scope early on so you're not, you know, spinning your wheels. But whenever the individual portions of the project come up, would they come back for approval, or is that something you guys would do in-house once the plan — the whole program is approved?

WILLA BRANTLEY:

They would. You probably hear us talk about general permit guidelines a lot up here and for piers and boathouses. The way I'm looking at it is it will be something like that for these larger developments. So if they come in and meet the guidelines that are set up in the plan, they should be able to move right along through the permitting process pretty quickly and easily.

If they wanted to do something or needed to do something that didn't meet the plan, doesn't mean they can't do it, it would just get a more rigorous individual evaluation.

JOE SPRAGGINS:

Blaine's here. Maybe explain what this is going to do for Hancock County.

BLAINE LaFONTAINE:

Morning, Director, Commissioners.

So obviously a lot of details and just realized that I'm asking to take action to do something that was last put in place before I was even born, so it's lot to take in.

But the purpose of today to getting to your recommendation and approval is that as we're dealing with record amounts of investment related to infrastructure and for us having more than 5,500 acres, trying to grow jobs, assess value, economic impact for the Coast and the region and the County, to be able to define a lot of these conditions through that SMA plan on the front end will really help us attract, we believe, private industry. And more importantly, as we're working on building out infrastructure at Port Bienville and the airport, it will help us be able to expedite and streamline that regulatory requirement.

So again, I think the next decade having this will allow us to prosper, grow, be able to

communicate effectively on the front end and work really effectively with Mississippi DMR, as well as any other regulatory agencies. So we appreciate it, if you take this recommendation and approval, but I think it is a good tool and resource for us to effectively do our job to grow industry and jobs and investment.

RONNIE DANIELS:

So the overall hope of this is to take some land that we didn't think we could do much with and promote industrial growth in Hancock County?

BLAINE LaFONTAINE:

Yes. And I'll give some examples. If you look at other ports throughout the state, other airports, they don't deal with the volume of — one, they don't have the land that Port and Harbor has under public control, but one of the conditions of that is about 62 percent of our land typically qualifies as some type of wetlands. So being able to identify that and program it, we believe, will help us grow the industrial base.

In addition, as we have dealt with the individual chemical manufacturing prospects, warehouse distribution, we often find that they

want to have aggressive timelines and we're not able to effectively communicate all the requirements on that on the front end. But we believe if we had this plan, it would help us obviously close some of these deals and lead to better opportunities for the region.

RONNIE DANIELS:

Okay.

JOE SPRAGGINS:

You know, this is — working on the Airport Commission here for the Gulfport—Biloxi International Airport, I know they have the same thing that they're looking at. Anytime that you can have something that simplifies the amount of time that you have to go through the process, that makes it a lot better for the person that's coming to look at it to be able — whether or not they want to invest into property and invest into that area and do what they need to do.

So I think this will greatly help that, and I think it greatly — it will give them a chance to say that, you know, you're going to be streamlined. It's not going to take near as long to get the process done, and so I think that makes a lot of difference in what we're looking at.

RONNIE DANIELS:

So we're essentially going to -- I guess simplified terms, we're going to cut out a lot of the beforehand leg work of somebody that would potentially invest into this area?

JOE SPRAGGINS:

Right, right.

RONNIE DANIELS:

We're going ahead and figuring out the wetlands stuff and all that so you can hand them a packet and say, this is what you can and can't do. BLAINE LaFONTAINE:

And just to build on that, it doesn't just stop here, right? We're also trying to work with our agent, Cypress, on looking at Section 214 permits with the Corps of Engineers as another step and a secondary tool.

And we also -- what makes Hancock County unique, right, is we have a 130,000-acre buffer zone. No other county in the state has that and being able to work on a mitigation bank or a mitigation plan utilizing land that can't be developed anyway, it makes it -- Hancock County a really unique application to move forward with an SMA plan.

	51
1	JOE SPRAGGINS:
2	And getting it as close as you can to
3	shovel-ready, that's the way you've got to be.
4	BLAINE LaFONTAINE:
5	Right. Any other questions?
6	JOE SPRAGGINS:
7	Brian, can you state your name and spell
8	it for her so she can be able to put it in the
9	record?
10	WILLA BRANTLEY:
11	Blaine.
12	BLAINE LaFONTAINE:
13	Yeah. Blaine, B-l-a-i-n-e, LaFontaine,
14	L-a-F-o-n-t-a-i-n-e. Thank you.
15	RONNIE DANIELS:
16	Thank you, Blaine.
17	All right. Anything else?
18	JOE SPRAGGINS:
19	I guess we need a motion.
20	RONNIE DANIELS:
21	Yeah. I'm just making sure we don't
22	have any more questions.
23	Motion to recommend approval of Hancock
24	County Port and Harbor Commission's request for a
25	special management area designation at Port

·	SZ
1	Bienville Industrial Park and Stennis
2	International Airport and Airpark.
3	I will be happy to make that motion. Do
4	we have a second?
5	JONATHAN McLENDON:
6	I will second it.
7	RONNIE DANIELS:
8	All in favor?
9	JONATHAN McLENDON:
10	Aye.
11	CAM ROBERDS:
12	Aye.
13	RONNIE DANIELS:
14	Aye.
15	All right. Thank you.
16	WILLA BRANTLEY:
17	Thank you.
18	RONNIE DANIELS:
19	I got off. Where are we at?
20	JOE SPRAGGINS:
21	We are at Bureau
22	JONATHAN McLENDON:
23	Finance.
24	JOE SPRAGGINS:
25	Finance.

33
RONNIE DANIELS:
Ms. Leslie.
LESLIE BREWER:
Good morning, everyone. I'll be
presenting the financials for April 30th, 2023.
At the end of April, our state revenue
was 5.4 million. Our agency was revenue
64.7 million.
Our state net income was a negative
1.1 million, and our agency net income is
35.7 million.
We did get our GOMESA funding in April
which was 41 million 470, so that's why that's
hiked up the way it was.
Okay. After 10 months of 2023, there is
82.8 percent of the operating funds in the budget
and the tidelands is 38.5.
Any questions?
RONNIE DANIELS:
No, ma'am. Thank you.
All right. Public affairs,
Ms. Charmaine.
CHARMAINE SCHERMUND:
Good morning, Commissioners, Director
Spraggins, Legal.

The Mississippi Department of Marine
Resources had 15 media mentions since the April
MACMR meeting. News items included shrimp season
closing, the announcement of red snapper season
opening on May 26th and the acceptance of GOMESA
proposals through July 31st.

Marine Patrol participated in a career fair at North Bay Elementary School on May 20th, field day at Nichols Elementary School on May 11th and career day at Gautier Elementary School May 15th.

The Finfish Bureau's John Barr participated in lunch with alumni at Petal High School on April the 19th. The Aquaculture Hatchery assisted with the Mississippi Bass Federation tournament in D'Iberville May 6th and 7th. Katie Nelson in the Office of Coastal Resources Management represented the agency with a table at Eco Day at Infiniti in Hancock County on April 22nd.

Each bureau in the office of Marine
Fisheries, the NERR, Coastal Resources Management
and Marine Patrol traveled to the Mississippi
Museum of Natural Science in Jackson on May 6th
for the first ever Marine Discovery Day. Our

agency, along with Mississippi State, USM and IMMS took part in the event providing fun and educational activities for attendees. The event served as a great opportunity to share information about our local species, ecosystem and waters within the state and near our marine resources.

We held the 2023 Mississippi Seafood Cookoff in Gulfport last Thursday in conjunction with the Gulfport Chamber of Commerce, Taste Rattle and Roll, at Centennial Plaza. It was a great night with five chefs competing for the title. And we're proud to announce that Calvin Lipe from Island View Casino is this year's Mississippi Seafood King, who won with his softshell crab dish, which was panko fried and stuffed with shrimp, crab and mushrooms, served with a shrimp and corn mague choux, jalapeno tomato jam, crystal beurre blanc and topped with toasted pecans and jumbo lump crab. He will go on to compete amongst other U.S. states and territories at the Great American Seafood Cookoff in New Orleans on August 5th.

That's it.

RONNIE DANIELS:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

All right. Thank you. A lot going on.

1	JOE SPRAGGINS:
2	We're going to have a South
3	Mississippian representing us in the seafood
4	cookoff this time, right?
5	CHARMAINE SCHERMUND:
6	Yes.
7	JOE SPRAGGINS:
8	What's his name again?
9	CHARMAINE SCHERMUND:
10	Calvin Lipe.
11	JOE SPRAGGINS:
12	Yeah. Out of Island View Casino.
13	RONNIE DANIELS:
14	All right. Marine Fisheries, shrimp
15	season update, Jason.
16	JASON SAUCIER:
17	Good morning, Commissioners.
18	RONNIE DANIELS:
19	Morning.
20	JASON SAUCIER:
21	I'm giving the annual update on shrimp
22	season.
23	JOE SPRAGGINS:
24	A lot of money in shrimp.
25	JASON SAUCIER:

1 Yes, there is. Pretty good update.

All right. So we go through a few of the historical metrics with y'all every year. This is historical opening dates for the shrimp season. Average opening date is the 8th of June and that goes back to 1975, but we do have historical openings in May, as well as late June.

This is our opening day vessel count. We do aerial surveys and on-water interviews with the fishermen on opening day. Last year was our lowest on record. Last year was also a pretty windy day and there was some severe weather pushing through, so that affected the numbers but we do see a consistent decline in effort.

This shows our historical license sales back to '13, '14, so the last 10 years. We see a consistent decline in commercial and rec license sales. We're looking at about just under 400 licenses sold for the last year for commercial, and this is pretty consistent with what we see across the Gulf state license holders and federal as far as effort in the fishery.

So just to get in a little bit of what we do in the spring to determine when to open the season. Gulfport Research Lab helps us out with

post-larval sampling beginning in February, using a beam plankton trawl and that really gives us an indication of when the small brown shrimp post-larvae are moving into the Bay, into the nursery area.

And then April, we begin our trawl sampling and at our 10 fixed stations. In April, that's once a week, and we do ramp up frequency to twice a week in early May. This sampling, we do chart data points on a plot and look at growth, daily growth and that helps us project to when they'll get to legal size.

So this is from our trawl samples to date. We did sample yesterday. This is just a comparison of what we catch in those samples across the last few years just to kind of show you there is a pretty good bit of variability. But generally when we see high catch, it's not a one-to-one comparison with what we see in landings data, but it does give us an indication that the brown shrimp are here.

You will see in 2019 through 2021, we know we had pretty poor seasons, but that was associated with Bonnet Carré and a couple of years that followed there. And the CPUE is in per

minute of trawl time.

So these are our trawl stations that we historically have sampled in April and May. They are across the Sound. They go out to the ICW, as far south as the ICW, and we do average — catch our count size at all these stations and that's a weighted average that gives us a size of the shrimp on that sample day.

So in case you didn't already hear, we did put out the opening order yesterday. We set the season for Monday, May 22nd. Shrimp will be legal size, 68 count, by that date, and we're looking forward to a good season.

Just as a reminder -- I didn't put the map up here, but Karen, can you go to the map?

Just to make sure there's no confusion there,

because we have gotten some confusion from some of our fishermen, the area that -- we're opening all of those areas inshore of the ICW and south.

The area that stays open till the end of December is everything north of the ICW. However, areas south of the ICW, if you see the black line in the middle at the west side of Ship, that area closes at the end of April by statute. However, everything east of there stays open year round, so

these -- this area is always open and available to the fishery to catch.

And I just wanted to make that clear. I think there is some confusion among some of the shrimpers that — historically, we did close everything south of the ICW, but since 2017 that has changed.

Karen, if you can go back to the PowerPoint.

And then the last slide. Sorry. Just wanted to remind everybody we do have a skimmer trawl TED reimbursement program that's ongoing through the end of July 2024 for those folks that were affected by the NOAA change — rule change that required all vessels 40 foot and larger to have TEDs. So there is an application process there. I have got a link there, but they can always call the Office of Marine Fisheries and get information on that program. And I will take any questions that you have got.

RONNIE DANIELS:

I don't really have a question, but just a comment. But your chart looked like what I have been seeing. We have been seeing a ton of bait in the water out there. It looks good.

1 JASON SAUCIER: 2 We're pretty excited about this 3 year. Hopefully we will see that reflected in the 4 catch over the next weeks, so --5 RONNIE DANIELS: 6 I've been telling people for months now 7 I'm seeing more shrimp in the water than I have 8 seen in years out there. 9 JASON SAUCIER: 10 Yeah. 11 JONATHAN McLENDON: 12 Is that shrimping map available on the 13 website because I think there is some confusion? 14 JASON SAUCIER: 15 It is. It's on our shrimp and crab 16 homepage, which is available under the Office of 17 Marine Fisheries tab. If they just scroll down, 18 that's right there and they can actually print it 19 out. 20 But certainly, yeah, there is some 21 confusion because it's sort of a recent -- not 22 really a recent change. It's been in place for 23 about five years, but we want to make sure people 24 are aware that they can still shrimp after

April 30th in some of our waters, so --

25

1 JONATHAN McLENDON:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

And I certainly appreciate the job you guys do. A lot of these states do it differently. They set individual dates, but, you know, the way Mississippi is doing it, it's allowing the inshore fleet to go out there and catch those shrimp before they migrate off to federal waters, so, you know —

9 JASON SAUCIER:

10 Right.

11 JONATHAN McLENDON:

And we need all of them to make it happen.

14 JASON SAUCIER:

15 Right. That's right.

16 JOE SPRAGGINS:

One other thing. I know this is going to happen before the Blessing of the Fleet and I'm sorry, but, you know, we have to go ahead and let it happen. Just as Jonathan said, you know, we need to be able to catch those shrimp and not let them migrate out to the south of the islands or wherever, and so this really helps our fishermen. So it's more for them than anything and — to be able to get the — and also, I'll tell you what,

1 it's going to be great to have a lot of fresh 2 shrimp on Memorial weekend. 3 JASON SAUCIER: 4 We encourage everybody to get out 5 and buy it at the dock if they can, you know, and 6 support our fisherman, so --7 RONNIE DANIELS: Absolutely. Thank you. 8 9 JASON SAUCIER: 10 Thank y'all. 11 RONNIE DANIELS: 12 All right. Next up. Oyster leasing. 13 JASON RIDER: 14 Good morning, everyone. My name is 15 Jason Rider. I'm the Shellfish Bureau Director. 16 Today, I will be reviewing the edits and 17 amendments to Title 22, Part 1 to conform with 18 Senate Bill 2544. 19 I will go over the substantive changes 20 within the document today. The nonsubstantive 21 changes and the language have been provided to you 22 in your packets and we'll make those changes 23 available on the website for public comments. But 24 mainly, we're going to go over the added language 25 in Chapter 10, the definitions and then the

amendment requirements for the leasing procedures.

I will read a decent amount of this information, so please bear with me. But if you have any questions, feel free to ask at any time.

So the first that we did is we did have to define some new definitions — or insert some new definitions. The first one we did was approved cultch material. That's where we just identified what we classified as approved cultch material.

The second term was event of default, and this is a circumstance where the leaseholder fails to fulfill their contractual obligations or breaches the terms and conditions of the lease agreement for oystering production.

The next definition that we added was on-bottom property classifications. We did this because we did identify different areas in our Mississippi waters for -- eligible for leasing. We classified them as three different things.

I will read this definition. The categorization or classification of submerged lands or waters — or water bottoms that are suitable for leasing or cultivating molluscan shellfish. As of July 1st, 2023, the

classifications are as follows: Class I, substantial shellfish resources and its recently improved bottoms; Class II, minimal shellfish resource/improved bottoms; Class III, no resource or unimproved bottoms.

2.

Additional definitions: Oyster spat, the early juvenile stage of an oyster, which is larval oyster that has settled and attached to hard substrate such as a shell or rock.

Plat, a detailed map drawn to scale, used to show the divisions, boundaries of a piece of land. It identifies the corner coordinates, describes the piece of land, its boundaries and gives a description of the approved cultch material and the amount to be deployed.

The final definition that we added was state-owned reefs. So in the past, we had public reefs and most of those have been transitioned into state-owned reefs. This is a designated area within the state's tidal water that is set aside for the protection, propagation and management of oyster populations for the benefit of the environment and oyster industry.

The next update that we made was to Chapter 3. Because 49-15-39 was repealed, the

tonging line is no longer applicable, so we did delete that definition -- or that Rule 3.4.

Following in Chapter 3, we did update the shellfish growing waters openings and closings for state-owned reefs and private leases. We wanted to include both types so we could identify and control those as needed. We also added allowable gear type.

Whoop. Sorry. That's that slide. I apologize.

In Chapter 4, we identify the state-owned reefs that I just -- that I -- the definition that I just read out. Those reefs will be listed in our titles and parts. The high points of this are we do have Henderson Point state-owned reef, Pass Christian Reef, Pass Marianne Reef, Biloxi Bay Reef, Shearwater Reef, Pascagoula West Reef and Pascagoula Causeway Reef. We will have maps and coordinates available for the public to review.

Moving on to Chapter 4. We added harvest language for on-bottom private leases and we wanted to include all permits and regulations that were applicable to private leaseholders.

Also, we wanted to make sure everyone understood

the availability to harvest will be open year round, but the waters will be subject to sampling and will be closed when the conditions do not meet harvest classification — or conditions. So that's what C is referencing.

Moving on to Chapter 5, we do have some tagging requirements. Rule 5.5, we did update it, private leases and state-owned reefs, again. On Section A, all on-bottom and off-bottom molluscan shellfish lessees must adhere to the labeling and tagging rules and regulations outlined in the lease contract, lease permit and the most current version of the NSSP model ordinance.

Again, we updated state-owned reefs from public, and then we did delete Rule 5.6 and 5.7 because they're no longer needed.

Moving on to Chapter 10, this is where the meat of the additions came from or the revisions came from. I do have to read quite a bit of this. If you have any questions, please bear with me.

So on Chapter 10, Rule 10.3, the first one that we updated was lease applications. We updated it from MDMR Director of Marine Fisheries to the authority — to give the director the

authority to execute these leases. We increased the -- or we updated the application fee to \$50. That will be rendered at the time of submission.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

They do have to submit a plat showing the proposed lease area using decimal degrees, and they also have to describe the cultch material and the amount to be deployed on their application.

Number 6 states: Upon initial leasing of new areas pursuant to Senate Bill 2544, 2023 regular legislative session, the MDMR will issue a Request for Proposals. The response to which must include the following information, in addition to the application: Identification of the classification of the property for lease -- that references the definition we stated earlier -evidence of the applicant's financial stability, proposed acreage to be leased, the amount of proposed acreage to be cultched and seeded, the time frame for which the cultivation and proposed lease will occur and then the experience of reef development for the applicant.

For the application review, we added this language: The MDMR authority will review and evaluate each lease application based on the information provided through the Request for

Proposals.

2.

Two states that the approval of lease applications will be based on the criteria established by the Request for Proposals and the evaluation of the information provided in the response.

Next, Number 3, MDMR authority may request additional information from the applicant or conduct site visits as part of the evaluation process.

Number 4, upon approval of the lease application, the applicant will be required to enter into a lease agreement with the MDMR, which will outline the terms and conditions of the lease, including rental rates, lease duration and reporting requirements.

Number 5 states: Leaseholders must comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations including environmental and conservation requirements throughout the terms of the lease.

And then finally, we did add Number 8, that MDMR will either grant or deny the lease application and the applicant will be notified in writing of the action on their lease application

1 no less than 30 days after the action proposal. 2 Continuing with Chapter 10, Rule 10.3, 3 and these are the lease conditions. Senate bill 4 updated the leasing terms and the amounts. We --5 it went from five years to 15 years from the term 6 of the lease, so we updated that. And then we 7 also -- the leases expire on December 31st now. 8 And then finally, the leases have 9 increased. They have to be leased for one acre to 10 2,500 acres. 11 And we deleted Rule Number 11 of that 12 section. 13 The lease conditions, this is, again, 14 just modifying language to match the senate bill. 15 Twelve, we updated state-owned reefs. 16 And then on Number 13, we wanted to 17 include ensuring maximum cultivation and 18 propagation of all -- of oyster leases -- of 19 oysters on their lease. This is language from the 20 senate bill that we wanted to match in our 21 regulations. 22 Section D of Chapter 10, Rule 10.3, this 23 is the cultivation and propagation requirements. 24 I will have to read this. Number 1, lessee shall 25 propagate no less than 50 percent of the total

bottom area leased within the first five years of the lease with a minimum of 20 percent being propagated by Year 2 of the lease agreement. A minimum of 10 percent per year shall be propagated for each year thereafter. This provision will not apply to Class III of the on-bottom property classifications.

Number 2, the minimum planting density shall be no less than 60 cubic yards of approved cultch per acre or no less than five cubic yards of approved cultch material within a minimum of 75,000 oyster spat per cubic yard.

Number 3 states that, must only culture species native to the Gulf of Mexico. Polyploid native species are prohibited. Imported shellfish seed to be used for grow-out in Mississippi waters must be descendants of the broodstock originated in the Gulf of Mexico. The hatcheries where the aquaculture seed was produced must provide documentation of broodstock origin.

Number 4, in instance of extreme environmental conditions designated by the department that are not conducive to oystering recruitment or survival, the cultivation requirements may be waived until favorable

conditions resume.

Number 5, planting, harvest and cultivation activity shall be reported to the MDMR annually by December 31st.

Number 6, MDMR staff will inspect cultch material and volume prior to deployment to ensure conditions of the USACE permit are adhered to. Failure to meet the above requirement may be deemed an event of default.

These are all the cultivation requirements that go with executing a lease agreement with the DMR.

Moving on to Section E of Chapter 10, we updated the language to reference — to match January 30th of each year, as the house — as the senate bill says and then we updated the terminations and waivers of the lease agreements.

This was outdated language, subdivisions that were included in title and part -- Title 22, Part 1 that were no longer applicable, so we removed this. This is subdivisions.

Next, we're moving on to Chapter 11.

We're cleaning up language again. Bonding has been removed out of the senate bill, so we removed it out of our titles and parts. And then the five

years resident was removed, so we removed it out of the titles and parts.

So with this, this is all the language in our title -- in Title 22, Part 1 that reference leases -- references leasing to the private individuals -- oyster leasing to private individuals. It should match the new senate bill.

At this time, I think we will make a recommendation to the Executive Director that the proposed changes to Title 22, Part 1 be sent to the Secretary of State's office for notice of intent.

Does anyone have any questions? I know it was a lot.

JOE SPRAGGINS:

The big thing about this, you know, obviously if we approve through this and I sign it, then we send it forward. We can get it out then and put it out for 30-day public notice so people can have a chance to comment and be able to see what we need to do and if there's an issue on it.

And Sandy, tell me if I'm right or wrong. After that point, depending on whether — how many people asked for public, you know,

1 comments, we will decide about a public hearing 2 and be able to decide when we would do that. 3 goal, if we can get this passed, is to try to get 4 it done sometime in July if that would be right 5 and if we could, we would be glad to do that. And 6 maybe the July meeting and it might work perfect 7 for that if everything works great. 8 Commissioner, we also have a public 9 comment on this. Before you vote, I would ask 10 that you bring that up. 11 RONNIE DANIELS: 12 That's what I was fixing to bring Yeah. 13 up. So we do have a public comment on this, Mr. 14 Ignacio Lopez. 15 IGNACIO LOPEZ: 16 Good morning, everybody. I'm Ignacio 17 I'm the aquaculture instructor at Moss 18 Point. 19 JOE SPRAGGINS: 20 Could you turn that mic on right there? 21 RONNIE DANIELS: 22 It's on. 23 IGNACIO LOPEZ: 24 Can you hear me all right? 25 RONNIE DANIELS:

If you don't mind, would you spell your name for her, please?

IGNACIO LOPEZ:

2.

I-g-n-a-c-i-o L-o-p-e-z. I'm the aquaculture instructor at Moss Point High School at the vo-tech center over there.

And we're looking to do fully vertically integrated oyster gardening on steroids. Right? So what we're actually trying to do is lease — or sort of — nonprofit organization that leases the private land or leases this land to cultivate oysters for restoration purposes and conservation purposes, not necessarily for harvest.

And so we would like to lease Lake

Catch-em-all or part of Lake Catch-em-all in the

Pascagoula River Estuary to create a floating

oyster nursery. This would help the students in

boating education, oyster aquaculture education

and potentially post-graduation employment

opportunities.

Additionally, we would like to lease restricted waters or prohibited waters that are near shore and/or urbanization to create these reefs for restoration in a more fuel efficient and time efficient manner. We would like to harvest

1 part of the shellstock to disburse mature and 2 gravid oysters throughout various restoration 3 leases and potentially into harvestable leases as 4 well. 5 It's not clear necessarily what is and 6 what isn't approved as cultch material, and we 7 would like to propose alternatives to the 8 standards. I know that plastic isn't necessarily 9 approved, but actually people believe to -- use 10 PVC trees and PVC forests for bass habitat, and we 11 think that that would be a great way to keep 12 oysters off the bottom. 13 So yeah, that's -- that's what I would 14 like to contribute to this, is potentially lease 15 the nonapproved waters to cultivate oysters for 16 restoration purposes and environmental benefits. 17 JOE SPRAGGINS: 18 We met with Mr. Lopez over at the 19 school, I guess, what, two weeks, three weeks ago? 20 IGNACIO LOPEZ: 21 Three weeks ago tomorrow, yeah. 22 JOE SPRAGGINS: 23 Yeah. And he's got a great program. 24 He's trying hard and he's trying very hard to be

able to put something together to be able to teach

25

students how to have a future. And, you know, some of these students don't have an opportunity to do things, and he is trying to be able to put together something that would be able to allow these students to have a trade that they can take once they leave high school and they can take it and operate it into the business world in some form or some fashion, whether they start their business or whether they work for someone in that business and that's what he's looking at.

Wet storage is one of the things he's looked at. He's looked at that and trying to be able to understand and teach how to do it. He's got a great little operation that they have set up by theirself. I mean, they have absolutely set it up by theirself and they did all the work theirselves to be able to — the students building it.

We're working through some things to try to help them to be able to get permitted to do different things there. But I'll tell you, he is trying hard and, you know, anything that — you know, we will look at it — any way we can to try to help him. And if there is a way to be able to grow some oysters in a nonharvestable area, that

would be great, you know, because we can at least get that for the oysters themselves and what's going to happen.

But I think that, you know, they're trying to the best they can and he's doing a wonderful job in trying to do the best he can to help the students to learn.

Now, we have this at St. Martin, I think, now and we have it at St. Stanislaus and we have it at Gulfport — I mean, not Gulfport, but Ocean Springs and now Moss Point. And I'll tell you what, what better than to get some young students learning about the aquaculture, and I want to help him.

I'm trying to work out a way to get him a grant, and so I'm trying to work out a way to do that, to give him some type of a grant to be able to help them with this and — because I think it's a great deal, and, you know, I guess the — now that — what you're asking for is to be able to look at this being able to lease some, and we might be able to look at that. If it's for a nonprofit organization and a school, maybe we can lease it and get the legislature to let us not have to even charge for that lease, you know, to

1	be able to do something like that.
2	RONNIE DANIELS:
3	How many acres are you wanting?
4	IGNACIO LOPEZ:
5	The key thing is not necessarily having
6	to, you know, go way off offshore where it might
7	be cost prohibitive. The 60 cubic cubic yards
8	of material per acre is pretty high, especially if
9	you have to purchase it. So, you know, kind of
10	change or add that to the Title 22 as a
11	potentially other other alternative to going
12	about this oyster aquaculture, not necessarily for
13	harvest work, human consumption.
14	JOE SPRAGGINS:
15	And I don't know. I guess it's legal to
16	mention that you're working on something, too,
17	about carbon monoxide credits, right?
18	IGNACIO LOPEZ:
19	Well, that's where the revenue from this
20	project would come from. That's how it would
21	become self-sustaining, not necessarily through
22	grants, but selling the carbon offsets that these
23	oysters provide.
24	JOE SPRAGGINS:
25	You know, oysters absorb and take quite

1 a bit of that. I learned a lot from him in a few 2 hours. I sat there and I came out of there with a 3 question in my head of like, what? You know, what 4 is this, you know, carbon monoxide credits? 5 Well, I mean, you know, it's 6 something -- and then I have been talked to by 7 several people after that. It's a situation, 8 especially in the northwest and the northeast, 9 that it's being utilized, but -- these carbon 10 monoxide credits. And basically, big industry 11 puts out a certain amount and so they're buying 12 credits. And what better way than to be able to 13 buy credits by using oysters and then the oysters 14 turn around and then feed the estuary and do the 15 same thing that they're doing. 16 So we're working hard. Don't think 17 we're not. All right? 18 RONNIE DANIELS: 19 Thank you. 20 IGNACIO LOPEZ: 21 Thank you. 22 RONNIE DANIELS: 23 Wow. That's interesting. 24 JOE SPRAGGINS: 25 Yes.

,	81
1	RONNIE DANIELS:
2	All right. So back we need a motion?
3	SANDY CHESNUT:
4	Yes.
5	RONNIE DANIELS:
6	We got a motion to recommend the Notice
7	of Intent?
8	CAM ROBERDS:
9	I will make that motion.
10	JONATHAN McLENDON:
11	I'll second.
12	RONNIE DANIELS:
13	All right. All in favor? Aye.
14	CAM ROBERDS:
15	Aye.
16	JONATHAN McLENDON:
17	Aye.
18	RONNIE DANIELS:
19	All right. Great. Thank you.
20	JASON RIDER:
21	Thank y'all for y'all's time.
22	RONNIE DANIELS:
23	Thank you.
24	All right. So do we have any other
25	business today?

1 JOE SPRAGGINS: 2 Just a couple of things. The two 3 commissioners, one on the right and one on the 4 left, have been reappointed, so Commissioner 5 Daniels and Commissioner McLendon have been 6 reappointed, so we appreciate that. And thank 7 y'all for -- Cam is not up for reappointment. 8 That's -- so it's not that we have left him out. 9 All right? He's not up for reappointment, but we 10 do appreciate that. 11 And the other thing, the Trapani family, 12 thank y'all so much for coming today. And it's an 13 honor to be able to do this in his name, to be 14 able to have something that people will remember 15 for the rest of your life and it will stay here 16 long -- even after you young ones are gone. 17 will be here, you know, it will be here forever, 18 and we appreciate y'all and it's an honor to do 19 that. 20 CARY TRAPANI: 21 Thank you, Board. 22 RONNIE DANIELS: 23 We're happy to be able to be a part of 24 that.

25

JOE SPRAGGINS:

And the other thing, too, on this bill that we're talking about, it was Senator Moran and Senator Thompson and House Member Ladner and Felsher, the ones that are chairing this and pushing this very hard and — to do the on-bottom leases, so I think it's a great deal. Louisiana and Texas are doing it, and, you know, it's worked out great for them and hopefully it will work out great for us. And to be able to put somebody — because when you think about this and you think about the on-bottom, you say, well, wait just a minute. But if I have got a business and I have invested my money and my time into this, then I'm going to try to make it work hard.

The State of Mississippi doesn't have the money and the Department of Marine Resources to manage 8- or 10,000 acres of oyster land, you know, bottom, but individuals can manage it. And we will still be able to have our own. We'll have 20 percent of it that we'll keep and we'll still manage that and be able to work it.

But I don't know how much you know about oysters, but it's probably the one that keeps the estuary going and it feeds more than anything in the estuary. And so getting people to be able to

grow these and be able to put their money into it

-- and they'll be able to harvest them and then
they'll be able to do it. And it will be a
year-round operation.

The only time the Department of Marine

Resources will get in the middle of that and try to do anything is if, Number 1, the water quality gets bad, you know, in the area. We will have to do it and we will work with them on that, but they don't want to do that. They don't want to put an oyster out that's going to hurt anybody anyway. So I think it's going to be fantastic, and I look forward to seeing a lot of quite — a lot of businesses starting with this and hopefully we can move forward.

Thank you, sir.

RONNIE DANIELS:

Sounds great. All right. No other business. We took care of the public comments.

Jonathan, would you like to close us today?

JONATHAN McLENDON:

Yes, sir. We would like to close in honor of Mr. Arny Gollott, Jr. He recently passed away a few weeks back. Mr. Arny was a long-time

1	
1	contributor to the automation of the shrimp
2	processing industry here on the Gulfport Coast,
3	and our thoughts and our prayers are with his
4	family.
5	RONNIE DANIELS:
6	All right. Do we have a motion to
7	adjourn?
8	CAM ROBERDS:
9	I will make a motion to adjourn.
10	JONATHAN McLENDON:
11	Second.
12	RONNIE DANIELS:
13	All in favor? Aye.
14	CAM ROBERDS:
15	Aye.
16	JONATHAN McLENDON:
17	Aye.
18	RONNIE DANIELS:
19	Everyone have a nice day. Thank you.
20	(Meeting adjourned at 10:28 a.m.)
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER 1 2. I, MELISSA BURDINE-RODOLFICH, Court Reporter and Notary Public, in and for the County of 3 4 Harrison, State of Mississippi, hereby certify that 5 the foregoing pages, and including this page, 6 contain a true and correct copy of my stenotype 7 notes and/or electronic tape recording of the 8 testimony of the witness, as taken by me at the 9 time and place heretofore stated, to the best of my 10 skill and ability. 11 I further certify that I placed the 12 witness under oath to truthfully answer all 13 questions in this matter under the authority vested 14 in me by the State of Mississippi. 15 I further certify that I am not in the employ 16 of, or related to, any counsel or party in this 17 matter, and have no interest, monetary or 18 otherwise, in the final outcome of the proceedings. 19 Witness my signature and seal, this the _____ day of _____, 2023 20 21 22 23 Melissa Burdine-Rodolfich 24 My Commission Expires 4/28/24 25